



1  
00:00:02,735 --> 00:00:04,737  
This is Mission Control Houston.

2  
00:00:04,737 --> 00:00:09,542  
The Expedition 34 crew has had  
a busy Thursday taking care

3  
00:00:09,542 --> 00:00:12,878  
of their home on orbit while  
participating in a range

4  
00:00:12,878 --> 00:00:15,781  
of research activities that  
are designed to learn more

5  
00:00:15,781 --> 00:00:18,818  
about how people can  
live in an environment

6  
00:00:18,818 --> 00:00:20,453  
that is absent of gravity.

7  
00:00:20,453 --> 00:00:24,490  
After rebooting the computers  
in the Kibo laboratory

8  
00:00:24,490 --> 00:00:27,893  
and performing maintenance on  
the Waste Hygiene Compartment,

9  
00:00:27,893 --> 00:00:31,630  
station Commander Kevin Ford  
set up a camera in the lab

10  
00:00:31,630 --> 00:00:34,967  
to record the day's  
activities of the Robonaut.

11  
00:00:34,967 --> 00:00:38,938

That's a test bed for developing  
new robotics capabilities

12

00:00:38,938 --> 00:00:40,372  
in space.

13

00:00:40,372 --> 00:00:43,242  
It's hoped that the  
testing with Robonaut 2

14

00:00:43,242 --> 00:00:47,413  
as you see here will lead  
to machines that can assist

15

00:00:47,413 --> 00:00:51,817  
with work tasks and actually  
interact with human crewmembers.

16

00:00:51,817 --> 00:00:56,088  
After working with flight  
engineer Tom Marshburn

17

00:00:56,088 --> 00:00:57,523  
to replace some piping

18

00:00:57,523 --> 00:01:02,428  
in the Waste Hygiene Compartment  
Ford returned to the lab

19

00:01:02,428 --> 00:01:06,165  
to power down and  
disassemble the Robonaut

20

00:01:06,165 --> 00:01:10,469  
until its next experiment  
operations.

21

00:01:10,469 --> 00:01:13,439  
Flight Engineers Oleg  
Novitskiy, Evgeny Tarelkin

22

00:01:13,439 --> 00:01:15,941  
and Roman Romanenko  
kicked off their day

23

00:01:15,941 --> 00:01:19,812  
with two public affairs  
interview and then Novitskiy

24

00:01:19,812 --> 00:01:22,348  
and Tarelkin moved  
on to shooting scenes

25

00:01:22,348 --> 00:01:24,383  
for a documentary about life

26

00:01:24,383 --> 00:01:26,886  
on board the International  
Space Station.

27

00:01:26,886 --> 00:01:29,755  
Roman Romanenko left them there

28

00:01:29,755 --> 00:01:32,925  
to complete his first  
exercise session

29

00:01:32,925 --> 00:01:36,562  
of the day using the advanced  
resistive exercise device

30

00:01:36,562 --> 00:01:39,398  
and then moved on to some  
routine maintenance --

31

00:01:39,398 --> 00:01:43,869  
some filter cleaning  
inside the Rassvet module

32

00:01:43,869 --> 00:01:45,037  
of the space station.

33

00:01:45,037 --> 00:01:48,841  
After lunch Romanenko  
joined Tarelkin to work

34

00:01:48,841 --> 00:01:51,076  
on the documentary about life

35

00:01:51,076 --> 00:01:54,847  
in space while Novitskiy  
continued his work installing

36

00:01:54,847 --> 00:01:57,850  
new wall panels in  
the Zvezda module.

37

00:01:57,850 --> 00:02:01,820  
For flight engineers Chris  
Hadfield and Tom Marshburn,

38

00:02:01,820 --> 00:02:04,490  
their day began working  
together to set

39

00:02:04,490 --> 00:02:07,426  
up the MARES experiment  
hardware.

40

00:02:07,426 --> 00:02:09,395  
The Muscle Atrophy Research

41

00:02:09,395 --> 00:02:13,699  
and Exercise System is a  
European space agency project

42

00:02:13,699 --> 00:02:16,435  
in human research and  
countermeasures development

43

00:02:16,435 --> 00:02:19,505

that is just getting its  
first tryout onboard the space

44

00:02:19,505 --> 00:02:23,075

station, being set  
up for its first use.

45

00:02:23,075 --> 00:02:28,581

Exercise using that facility is  
designed to provide researchers

46

00:02:28,581 --> 00:02:31,750

with some better  
understanding about how living

47

00:02:31,750 --> 00:02:36,121

in zero gravity affects  
the human muscular system

48

00:02:36,121 --> 00:02:41,327

and therefore to evaluate  
just how well the existing

49

00:02:41,327 --> 00:02:44,730

countermeasures systems onboard  
the space station are working

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00:02:44,730 --> 00:02:50,936

to help prevent the decline  
of the muscular system.

51

00:02:50,936 --> 00:02:54,974

Hadfield and Marshburn will keep  
working with the ground teams

52

00:02:54,974 --> 00:02:57,676

on Friday to troubleshoot  
an issue

53

00:02:57,676 --> 00:03:00,446

that they encountered  
during the set up today

54

00:03:00,446 --> 00:03:03,349

when the MARES rack  
shut down as soon

55

00:03:03,349 --> 00:03:05,317

as they began charging  
the batteries.

56

00:03:05,317 --> 00:03:07,920

Hadfield will later

57

00:03:07,920 --> 00:03:11,156

and Marshburn together  
had more time set aside

58

00:03:11,156 --> 00:03:14,026

for orientation for  
new crew members.

59

00:03:14,026 --> 00:03:19,832

That's a standard line item in  
the day's agenda for crewmembers

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00:03:19,832 --> 00:03:23,502

who have just been at the space  
station for a couple of weeks.

61

00:03:23,502 --> 00:03:29,541

After lunch Tom Marshburn went  
to help Commander Kevin Ford

62

00:03:29,541 --> 00:03:32,678

with some maintenance work  
in the Tranquility module

63

00:03:32,678 --> 00:03:34,346

where they replaced some piping

64

00:03:34,346 --> 00:03:37,149

for the Waste Hygiene  
Compartment.

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00:03:37,149 --> 00:03:42,054

Chris Hadfield was then sent  
on to retrieve some detectors

66

00:03:42,054 --> 00:03:45,691

for the RaDI-N bubble  
detector experiment.

67

00:03:45,691 --> 00:03:50,562

That's a Canadian experiment to  
characterize neutron radiation

68

00:03:50,562 --> 00:03:53,132

in the environment  
of the space station.

69

00:03:53,132 --> 00:03:56,969

After that he was to get started  
in the destiny laboratory

70

00:03:56,969 --> 00:04:00,839

with a partial removal of the  
station's agricultural camera

71

00:04:00,839 --> 00:04:04,443

from the Windows  
Observational Research Facility.

72

00:04:04,443 --> 00:04:09,915

The agricultural camera known as  
ISSAC, that project is complete.

73

00:04:09,915 --> 00:04:12,785

Plans are that once  
ISSAC is removed

74

00:04:12,785 --> 00:04:16,922

from the WOLF the window  
will be inspected next week

75

00:04:16,922 --> 00:04:19,758

and then a new environmental  
research

76

00:04:19,758 --> 00:04:23,929

and visualization system will  
be installed in its place.

77

00:04:23,929 --> 00:04:28,000

The ISERV as it's known  
is an automated system

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00:04:28,000 --> 00:04:31,103

to acquire imagery, but  
it's designed mostly

79

00:04:31,103 --> 00:04:36,175

to gain experience in automated  
data acquisition on the station.

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00:04:36,175 --> 00:04:39,778

In the process it will  
also acquire useful imagery

81

00:04:39,778 --> 00:04:44,216

for disaster monitoring and for  
environmental decision-making.

82

00:04:44,216 --> 00:04:47,553

The station crewmembers  
are looking ahead to wrap

83

00:04:47,553 --> 00:04:50,656

up the short work week  
with the troubleshooting

84

00:04:50,656 --> 00:04:54,526

and hopefully functional  
testing of the MARES experiment

85

00:04:54,526 --> 00:04:57,896

on Friday as well as more  
science operations throughout

86

00:04:57,896 --> 00:05:00,466

the station and another  
ground commanded